

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION
FOR
MULTIMEDIA DOCUMENT ANNOTATION

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Attorney's Docket No. 074451.P114

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EL143568321US

Date of Deposit: March 15, 2000

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MULTIMEDIA DOCUMENT ANNOTATION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates generally to field of multimedia creation and presentation. More specifically, the present invention is directed to adding multimedia annotations to paper or electronic documents.

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BACKGROUND

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Multimedia is a term used to describe the ability to combine different kinds of information storage and/or communication media, such as sounds, video, text, music, animations, charts, maps, etc., into colorful, interactive presentations, business applications, games, etc. Examples of information storage media include books, phonograph records, audio and videotapes, microfilm, and magnetic and optical disks.

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Audio and video clips require enormous amounts of storage space, and for this reason, until recently, programs could not use any but the most rudimentary animations and sounds. The enormous storage capacity of current storage devices such as the compact disc read only memory (CD-ROM) changes all that. When using simultaneous clips from several different media, the user's senses of sight, sound, and touch are merged into an astonishingly real experience.

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Faster computers and rapid proliferation of multimedia programs will probably forever change the way people get information. The computer's ability to instantly retrieve a tiny piece of information from the midst of a huge

mass of data has always been one of its most important uses. Since video and audio clips can be stored alongside text on a single CD-ROM disc, a whole new way of exploring a subject is possible. By using hyperlinks, materials can be presented to people so that they can peruse it in a typically human manner, by association.

Although there are technologies today that allow for the implementation of multimedia, current implementations do not address the incorporation of multimedia with the traditional form of office communication, the paper document. Since most communications within an office today are still made with the traditional paper documents such as memos and notes, it would be advantageous to be able to add multimedia to the paper documents and enable the office user to convey the sound and emotion with the paper document.

[illegible]

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example in the following drawings in which like references indicate similar elements. The following
5 drawings disclose various embodiments of the present invention for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

Figure 1 illustrates a flow diagram of one embodiment of a process of annotating.

10 **Figure 2** depicts one embodiment of a multi-function system for annotating documents with the multimedia information.

Figure 3 illustrates an exemplary document with a multimedia annotation represented with a bar code.

15 **Figure 4** illustrates an exemplary email message and a Uniform Resource Locator (URL) that provides a link to the multimedia content.

Figure 5 illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a system that provides for adding multimedia annotation with emotional content to a document.

Figure 6 illustrates one embodiment of a computer system.

20 **Figure 7** illustrates one embodiment of a computer-readable medium containing various sets of instructions, code sequences, configuration information, and other data used by a computer or other processing device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A method and apparatus for adding multimedia annotations to paper documents is disclosed. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, specific nomenclature is set forth to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that these specific details are not required in order to practice the present invention. For example, the sending of the multimedia document by email is described with reference to an Internet. However, the same techniques can easily be applied to other types of network.

Some portions of the detailed descriptions that follow are presented in terms of algorithms and symbolic representations of operations on data bits within a computer memory. These algorithmic descriptions and representations are the means used by those skilled in the data processing arts to most effectively convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. An algorithm is here, and generally, conceived to be a self-consistent sequence of steps leading to a desired result. The steps are those requiring physical manipulations of physical quantities. Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities take the form of electrical or magnetic signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared, and otherwise manipulated. It has proven convenient at times, principally for reasons of common usage, to refer to these signals as bits, values, elements, symbols, characters, terms, numbers, or the like.

It should be borne in mind, however, that all of these and similar terms are to be associated with the appropriate physical quantities and are merely convenient labels applied to these quantities. Unless specifically stated otherwise as apparent from the following discussion, it is appreciated that throughout the description, discussions utilizing terms such as "processing" or

"computing" or "calculating" or "determining" or "displaying" or the like, refer to the action and processes of a computer system, or similar electronic computing device, that manipulates and transforms data represented as physical (electronic) quantities within the computer system's registers and memories into
5 other data similarly represented as physical quantities within the computer system memories or registers or other such information storage, transmission or display devices.

The present invention also relates to apparatus for performing the operations herein. This apparatus may be specially constructed for the required
10 purposes, or it may comprise a general-purpose computer selectively activated or reconfigured by a computer program stored in the computer. Such a computer program may be stored in a computer readable storage medium, such as, but is not limited to, any type of disk including floppy disks, optical disks, CD-ROMs, and magnetic-optical disks, read-only memories (ROMs), random
15 access memories (RAMs), EPROMs, EEPROMs, magnetic or optical cards, or any type of media suitable for storing electronic instructions, and each coupled to a computer system bus.

The algorithms and displays presented herein are not inherently related to any particular computer or other apparatus. Various general-purpose
20 systems may be used with programs in accordance with the teachings herein, or it may prove convenient to construct more specialized apparatus to perform the required method steps. The required structure for a variety of these systems will appear from the description below. In addition, the present invention is not described with reference to any particular programming language. It will be
25 appreciated that a variety of programming languages may be used to implement the teachings of the invention as described herein.

Overview

In one embodiment, a method and apparatus for creating and adding multimedia annotation to paper or electronic documents to create a multimedia document is described.

5 **Figure 1** is a flow diagram of one embodiment of a process for adding multimedia contents to a document. Referring to Figure 1, at block 105, the user creates a document. In one embodiment, the document is a paper document (e.g., hand written document, a document created through the use of a typewriter, a printed copy, etc.). The user then generates a multimedia
10 annotation to accompany the document, as shown in block 110. In one embodiment, the multimedia annotation can be an audio sound, a video clip, a combination of both the audio sound and the video clip, etc. The multimedia annotation can be generated at the same time the document is created or at a different time. At block 115, the annotation is associated with the document to
15 create a multimedia document. In one embodiment, the annotation is placed on an area of the document. The annotation may be in different forms, such as, for example, a bar code containing an audio message or a URL indicating a link to a video clip.

In one embodiment, the user specifies a recipient to receive the
20 multimedia document. The recipient may be specified by the user entering the recipient's address such as, for example, an Internet email address. The email message is generated and sent to the recipient, as shown at block 120.

Alternatively, the user may choose to specify a recipient for the document at another time. At block 125, the document and the annotation are saved in a
25 storage area. The document and the annotation can be saved together or they can be saved in separate storage areas.

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Figure 2 shows one embodiment of a multi-function system. In one embodiment, the multi-function system 202 can be a photocopier equipped with a display console 204 and a keypad 205. The multi-function system 202 may include a microphone 210, a video camera 215, and a disk drive 220 to accept
5 input generated from a different system. Furthermore, in one embodiment, the multi-function system 202 includes hardware for digitizing the audio and/or video multimedia inputs. The formats of the audio sound and the video clip may include, for example, MP3 audio (MPEG audio layer 3) and MPEG video (a digital video compression standards from the Motion Picture Experts Group).

10 In one embodiment, the user generates the multimedia annotation while using the multi-function system 202 to copy a paper document. While copying the paper document, the multi-function system 202 captures an image of the paper document and saves it on the server machine 225 automatically. In another embodiment, the user may generate the document in electronic form
15 and then used the electronic form of the document with the multi-function system 202.

The server machine 225 is coupled to the multi-function system 202 through a network such as, for example, a local area network. The server machine 225 is used to store the multimedia documents so that it can be
20 retrieved by the user or by the person to whom the user sends the multimedia document. In one embodiment, the console 204 is used to specify the recipient(s) of the multimedia document. The automatic saving feature of the system allows users to save document images while requiring no decision on the part of the user.

25 In one embodiment, the microphone 210 is automatically activated when the user selects a copy function on the multi-function system 202. The user

generates the multimedia annotation by speaking to the microphone 210 on the multi-function system 202.

In another embodiment, the user may prepare the multimedia annotation prior to using the multi-function system 202. For example, the user generates the multimedia annotation on a workstation, records it on a portable storage device such as, for example, a floppy disk, and physically carries the portable storage device to the multi-function system 202. Upon inserting the portable storage device in the drive 220 on the copier, the user is presented with an interface on the console 204. In one embodiment, the interface lists all the available multimedia annotations stored on the portable storage device and allows the user to review and select them. The user may interact with the interface through a user controllable device coupled to the multi-function system 202, such as, for example, a mouse. Additionally, a keyboard 225 may be provided to allow the user to perform any editing functions, such as, for example, specifying or changing the names of the recipients for the documents. The interface of the multi-function system 202 may provide a mechanism for the user to associate a selected multimedia annotation with the document. For example, a drag-and-drop function to indicate which multimedia annotation should be applied to the document being copied.

In one embodiment, the user may use the keyboard 225 in conjunction with the console 204 to indicate information about the recipient of the document, such as, for example, names, email address, phone number, fax number, etc.

The server machine 225 may be configured to allow access only after authentication. For example, only the recipient who possesses a valid user identification and/or password may access the corresponding multimedia documents stored on the server machine 225. In one embodiment, to provide

additional security, the multimedia document may also be encrypted. For example, the multi-function system 202 may utilize a digital key belonging to the recipient to encrypt the document. In this manner, only those individuals having the recipient digital key may decrypt the code and recover the original document.

In one embodiment, the multimedia document generated by the multi-function system 202 can be a physical document such as, for example, a paper, a transparency, etc. This may be in addition to the document image that was automatically stored. For example, a paper document generated by the copier function of the multi-function system 202 may contain a plain text representation for a Uniform Resource Locator (URL) that indicates the network address where the multimedia annotation is stored. An individual may distribute this paper version of the multimedia document to the recipients. Additionally, an individual may decide to notify the recipients by email that provides them with the URL for the multimedia document. In another embodiment, the URL where the multimedia document is stored can be represented by a bar code generated by the multi-function system 202 and printed on the document.

Figure 3 illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a document with the multimedia annotation represented as a bar code. In this case, the document can be a paper document and the complete multimedia annotation can be represented with bar code 310 printed on the face of the document. The multimedia annotation can be retrieved by decoding the bar code 310. In alternative embodiments, the multimedia annotation may be emailed using digital links as described in U.S. Patent number 5,337,362 issued to Gormish et al. on August 9, 1994.

Figure 4A illustrates an exemplary embodiment of an email message containing a URL that represents the link to the multimedia document. The recipients of multimedia documents can be notified by the email message 405 that includes a URL 410 for the multimedia document. The email message may be generated by the user at the time the multi-function system is activated (e.g., selecting the copy function). The recipients then can access the multimedia document (document and multimedia annotation) by selecting the URL 410.

Figure 4B illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a multimedia document. In one embodiment, upon selecting the URL, the image of the multimedia document 412 is presented to the recipient and, at the same time, a multimedia player is invoked and run at the recipient's workstation. The multimedia player plays the multimedia annotation that is part of the document. Alternatively, the multimedia player is invoked when the user selects the multimedia annotation indicator 415.

The multimedia player can be, for example, the RealPlayer from RealNetworks which supports RealAudio for sound and RealVideo for video. A multimedia annotation can also be generated in other formats for audio and video and still be supported by the multimedia player provided the appropriate plug-ins for these formats are installed. With streaming audio and streaming video from RealNetworks, the recipients can listen to the audio sound or view the video clip while the multimedia annotation is being transferred from its location.

In another embodiment, the recipient may also receive an email message that contains the complete multimedia annotation encoded as a Multi-purpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) attachment. The MIME attachment is then downloaded into the recipient's system and the multimedia document can then be viewed.

In one embodiment, the multi-function system can contact the recipients by telephone when a multimedia document is sent to the recipient. The multi-function system may employ digitized voice and notify the recipients that they have documents waiting for them in a multimedia message queue on the server machine. The recipients can inspect the queue and retrieve the appropriate multimedia documents. Alternatively, the recipient may receive no notification. In this case, the system may place the multimedia document in the recipient's message queue for later inspection. The recipients may retrieve the documents in several ways. The users may periodically inspect their message queue on the server machine and download their most recent messages, much the same way voice mail systems operate.

In one embodiment, the server machine includes a retrieval engine that allows the users to search for archived multimedia documents based on their contents. In this case, the multimedia documents were created from an image of the paper documents. The multimedia documents may be subjected to an optical character recognition (OCR) process to help with the content-based search. In another embodiment, when the multimedia annotation is an audio clip, representative audio tracks are generated for each user on the system using speech recognition software such as, for example, ViaVoice from IBM of Armonk, New York. The multimedia documents can be searched based on the user's voice as recorded in the audio message. The user's voice can be recognized using a speaker or voice identification software such as, for example, WaveMakers from Waver Makers Research Inc.. In another embodiment, when the multimedia annotation is a video clip, a video track containing an image of the user can be used as input to face recognition techniques. These various embodiments just described allow the recipients to search for the multimedia annotations by their textual content as well as by the identity of the user, either

by the user's voice or by the user's image. In other embodiments, the multimedia documents can be searched using parameters such as, for example, the dates of recording, storage, and transmission of the message.

In another embodiment, the multi-function system of **Figure 2** can operate as a fax machine and captures an image of a fax document while sending the fax. In this case, the document printed on the receiver's fax machine can contain a printed plain text URL, a bar code representation for the URL, or a bar code that represents the entire contents of the message. Similarly, the multi-function system of **Figure 2** can operate as a scanner. As discussed above, the console of the multi-function system can be used to specify the recipients of the scanned document. Additionally, the console is used to as a means to notify the recipients as well as a means to access the server machine. Still in another embodiment, the multi-function system of **Figure 2** can operate as a printer accepting print request from the user's workstation. In this case, the workstation from which the document is printed is equipped with the necessary multimedia input devices to allow the user to generate multimedia annotations. When the document is to be printed from the user's workstation, the user added the multimedia annotation to the document. A plain text URL or a bar code that represents the URL or the complete multimedia annotation can be added by the user in the same manner previously described.

Using the method and apparatus described herein provide an individual a way for communicating emotions through a paper document. For example, **Figure 5** shows a user adding a highly emotional message 505 to a document. The audio sound makes the user's meaning abundantly clear to the recipient.

Figure 6 illustrates an embodiment of a computer system that can be used to perform operations described herein. The various components shown in **Figure 6** are provided by way of example. Certain components of the computer

in **Figure 6** can be deleted from the addressing system for a particular implementation of the invention. The computer shown in **Figure 6** may be any type of computer including a general-purpose computer.

Figure 6 illustrates a system bus 600 to which various components are coupled. A processor 602 performs the processing tasks required by the computer. Processor 602 may be any type of processing device capable of implementing the steps necessary to perform the operations discussed above. An input/output (I/O) device 603 is coupled to bus 600 and provides a mechanism for communicating with other devices coupled to the computer. For example, the user can use the I/O device 603 to specify the name and email address of the recipient to whom the multimedia document is to be sent. A graphics display adapter 604 is connected to the bus to receive display data generated by the processor 602 and store the display data in a display buffer. A read-only memory (ROM) 606 and a random access memory (RAM) 608 are coupled to bus 600 and provide a storage mechanism for various data and information used by the computer, such as, for example, the interface code that allow the user to interact with the computer. Although ROM 606 and RAM 608 are shown coupled to bus 600, in alternate embodiments, ROM 606 and RAM 608 are coupled directly to processor 602 or coupled to a dedicated memory bus (not shown).

A video console 610 is coupled to the graphics display adapter 604 and displays various information and data stored in the display buffer to the user of the computer. The data display may include the different multimedia annotations stored on the portable storage device. A disk drive 612 is coupled to bus 600 and provides a facility for the user to load multimedia annotations previously generated on the user's workstation.

may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from its spirit or essential characteristics. References to details of particular embodiments are not intended to limit the scope of the claims.

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